



The One FurnitureTM
Your Online Furniture Mall



Furniture Products Care Guide

Introduction

The One Furniture is delighted to offer furniture that is of the highest quality and built to last. Our sincere efforts to provide the best materials and standard products are the most important aspects of a piece of furniture we offer to every end-user. however, care and cleaning are equally important. That's why we created a definitive guide for you.

So we understand our responsibility & we make sure you don't have to spend hours researching the care of your area furniture, fabric, leather, and wood, etc. or for some accessories, soft furnishing, décor & lighting item which is not carried self-explanatory manual from suppliers end.

There's no need to stress about cleaning! Simple and easy to manage cleaning & safety care if necessary are been mentioned herein. One can follow the guideline to make your purchase pleasant. The idea behind this initiated to make aware of products & their uses. If you have any concerns or questions we haven't answered here, please feel free to contact our Customer Service Department.



Fabric Products Care Guide

Weekly Care Guide



- A weekly turning, flipping, & rotating of the loose seat and back cushions distribute cloth material evenly.
- To prevent your upholstery from deteriorating, vacuum your fabric weekly using the upholstery attachments to catch any loose particles.
- Do not place your furniture in direct sunlight. Fabrics will fade over time.
- Protect fabric by placing furniture cups or liquid items on the surface. Use tea coaster or relevant things to protect from liquid spillage.
- Fabrics should not be washed with wet clothes or liquid detergents as it not only damages the fabric, but leaves marks as well as destroying the elegance of the fabric. Some fabrics require special care.

Long Term Care Guide



- It is best to have your upholstery professionally cleaned every now and then, especially if there is a serious stain.
- It is inevitable that fabric will fade with time, although how fast it happens depends on the fabric's material content, color, and the amount of direct sunlight it receives.
- The pilling of fabrics is normal and can be controlled with a fabric shaver. Pilling will eventually cease through regular shaving. Shaving has no effect on the fabric's performance or durability.

Standard Care Guide



- Cleaning agents and foam based on water may be used. Never use tap water. Distilled water should be used, as tap water can contain minerals causing spots or fading.
- You need to use mild, water-free cleaners only. Do not use water. Avoid dry cleaning parts. Water-based cleaning agents, foam or mild, water-free cleaners are the best options.
- Use a vacuum or light brush to clean. Remove soil from the entire area. You should never use liquids, foams, or water such things for cleaning.
- It is advisable to get your entire piece of furniture shampooed by any third-party professional cleaner after a certain period of time, it can enhance deep cleaning and get rid of any bacteria that has been infected by prolonged use.

Carpet Products Care Guide



As such, rug pads, carpets, galicha, etc. are always advisable. Such extra accessories do more than just enhance the ambiance. Hence, it is possible to use this thing easily with the aid of simple maintenance.

- It is best to rotate them frequently in order to get maximum benefit.
- Use a vacuum periodically to clean them.
- Always use anti-slip rugs or carpets to prevent accidents.
- It is natural for some carpets to be washable.
- Always use rugs that are specific to each designated space such as rugs for living rooms, bedrooms, etc.
- Taking such a small step will certainly help in many ways.

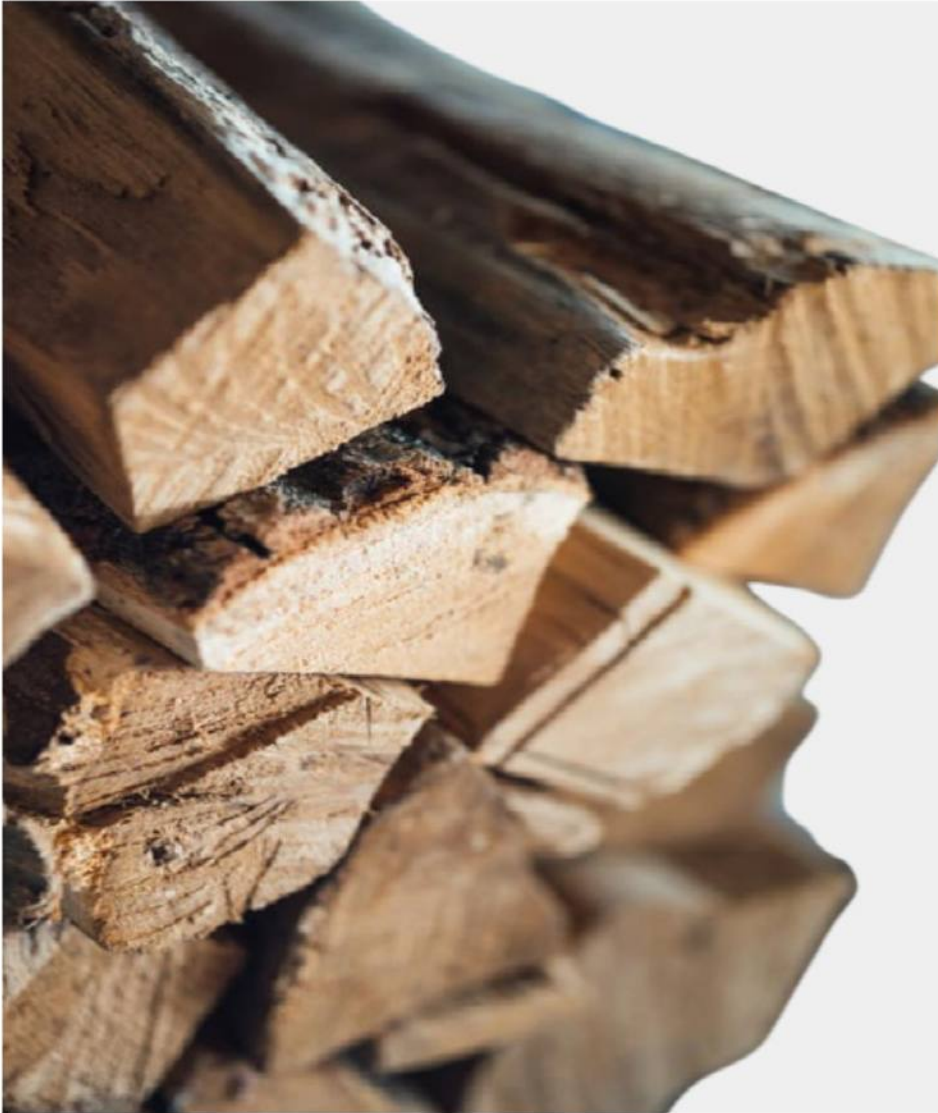


Leather OR PU Products Care Guide

Recommendation @ Leather

The One Furniture usually used high-tech, high-quality genuine leather or artificial leather from a reputed manufacturer, vendor, or an overseas reputed supplier either used directly for manufacturing or to be used indirectly from our authorized vendors. Even so, the leather of the above case needed some special attention for the best natural preservation. Listed below are some guidelines for proper care.

- Protecting from your products from sun & direct light.
- It is always recommended to use dry clothe dusting & specific vacuumed in crevices and along the bottom.
- It is also advisable to use a good leather conditioner at least during 6-12 months of use.
- Its an always necessary to avoid using saddle soap, cleaning solvents, furniture polish, oils, varnish, abrasive cleaners, detergents soap, or ammonia water.
- In case, of minor scratches, it is always advisable to do moistening it lightly and using clean fingers to buff the scratches.
- Professional leather cleaner enhances product life by removing dust & stains.
- According to the actual conditions, it may vary. However, it is generally applied to fully grained, semi-aniline, aniline leather, or some artificial leather.



Wood Products Care Guide

Recommendation @ Wood

We should not forget the natural characteristic of wood & related material. While wood is naturally beautiful, it is far from perfect. A flawless product's knots in the wood are natural, the presence of unusual grains, wormholes, and mineral deposits is a pattern.

So, like fingerprints each piece is unique. even slightly different boards will take stains differently from identical trees. Hence, wood has this quality by nature. Therefore If it does not interfere with any important function, it will not be deemed as a defect. Having said that, we have listed below are some guidelines for wood & wood-related material for proper care.

- Do not place your furniture in highly humid or dry areas e.g. Directly next to air vents, for example.
- Direct exposure to sunlight may darken wood furniture along with various issues. When dining, use coasters and tablecloths or placemats.
- Don't scratch, ding, or leave water stains.
- All serving dishes should have trivets under them.

- The direct application of heat to wooden products may damage their surfaces. So it is always advisable to avoid heated surface direct contact with any form of wood.
- Clean spills promptly. Some smaller sticky pots may need to be rubbed with hand dish soap, but be sure to rinse and dry.
- If you want to clean wood furniture, use a lint-free cloth lightly dampened with water. & dust with a soft, dry cloth. Dust against the grain and avoid harsh chemicals and abrasives.
- Place table leaves properly so that they are not warped. Table leaves should never be placed on their sides. We strongly recommend not standing on or tilting chairs back when seated; it is dangerous and will loosen the joints.
- When your homes have wood insect infestations, termites, carpenter bees and ants, powder post beetle larvae, or other wood-eating insects can cause extensive damage to products. Therefore, take care of your walls. & observe these insects when they appear or quarantine such products once you notice.
- The use of regular products is one of the best ways to prevent bio predation in furniture. For example, insects & fungi etc.
- When it is impossible to vacuum out dirt, dilute cleaners may be mixed in and used against the dirty area. However, only if the finish is in good enough shape to be removed. Find the solvent that can remove the dirt without removing the finish and apply it using relevant techniques.

Summary

Honestly! Our goal has been to provide enough relevant information about the most commonly used furniture material products care & their guidelines to every end-users. In addition, there is numerous furniture material such as glass, mirrors, hardware, marble, wooden floors, decorative items, lights, chandeliers, and all-electric items, soft furnishing, décor, etc., etc. Therefore, only the most relevant and necessary information has been shared here as the list goes on and on.

Having said that, we believe that the most effective way to take care of any material or products is simply to use them in the way they were designed and ultimate product care guidelines given respectively. We are better to judge for every care or situation. So, the below example is stated;

- Seating on sofa armrests is an extremely natural & common habit.
- Dining chairs or tables are also commonly used for study & other activities.
- Storage space is often used to dispose of overloaded unnecessary items.
- The smallest but most important supporting elements of furniture are often overlooked. Examples include Curtain, Rug, End table, etc., etc. As a result, direct contact of sunlight, products imbalances & direct liquid contact with product increases as respectively.

- It is also common to see children sleeping on a sofa or jumping on related products.
- Moving or shifting furniture in an improper way within home or places.
- Making the products yourself or re-assembling them without experts can be harmful to the original structure.
- Lack of proper maintenance & cleaning of products.
- Direct use of heat or related products on the furniture surface.
- Eating or related activity on products such as sofa, coffee table, etc.
- The use of the wrong cleaning product or method.
- Furniture placed in humid or extremely dry places.

The list could go on and on. Accordingly, we can judge how each product should be cared for and used. So, If we adopt informed practices regarding the use, care, and maintenance of furniture, we greatly increase the odds that it will reach our successors intact and in good condition.

THE END